

SWG troubleshooting and common scenarios



Overview

- Software/License
- How to submit a hardware issue
- SWG Troubleshooting
- Perfect Case/SR

Software & License

- SWG Software & License
<https://contentsecurity.skyhigh.cloud>
- Skyhigh Client Proxy (SCP), CSR & others
https://success.myshn.net/Software_Downloads

<https://www.trellix.com/en-us/downloads.html>
- License issues SWG:
Contact licensing@trellix.com
- SWG documentation:
[https://success.myshn.net/Skyhigh_Secure_Web_Gateway_\(On_Prem\)](https://success.myshn.net/Skyhigh_Secure_Web_Gateway_(On_Prem))

Home > Downloads

Software

Download the Web Gateway Appliance ISO images.

Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway FIPS 140-2 Status

The following Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway versions meet the FIPS 140-2 requirements through use of a FIPS-validated cryptographic library:

- 7.8.2.2 and higher

Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway Main Release

Product	Version	Build	Filesize	Release Date	Release Notes	Filetype
Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway Appliance ISO	11.2.10	44840	770 MB	May 09, 2023		.iso
Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway Appliance USB	11.2.10	44840	915 MB	May 09, 2023		.usb
Open Source Components						

Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway Controlled Release

Product	Version	Build	Filesize	Release Date	Release Notes	Filetype
Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway Appliance ISO	12.1.3	44841	764 MB	May 09, 2023		.iso
Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway Appliance USB	12.1.3	44841	907 MB	May 09, 2023		.usb
Open Source Components						

Hardware Troubleshooting

- How to submit a hardware issue to the Web Gateway Technical Support team

<https://kcm.trellix.com/corporate/index?page=content&id=KB89685>

Required data:

- Getlogs script (hardware log) – Details on how to install and run can also be found on:

[https://success.myshn.net/Skyhigh_Secure_Web_Gateway_\(On_Prem\)/Best_Practices/Hardware_and_Apppliance_Maintenance/Collect_Hardware_Logs_\(getlogs\)](https://success.myshn.net/Skyhigh_Secure_Web_Gateway_(On_Prem)/Best_Practices/Hardware_and_Apppliance_Maintenance/Collect_Hardware_Logs_(getlogs))

- Information from KB (serial, contact- and shipping information)

- For all hardware topics such as:
 - RAID reports 1 critical disks and 1 failing disks
 - BBU - Battery replacement required
 - Failure of the power supply unit

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting

- Feedback file
- Rule traces (identify delays, flow through policy)
- GTI delays
- Tcpdump / Network Tools (packet flow, network communication)
- Connection traces (what is proxy engine doing, needed for SSL/HSM/FTP and more)
- Core file (memory dump, identify resource usage issue)
- Auth. debug (identify auth. issues)
- Common issues

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting - Feedback File

Troubleshooting > Feedback

[https://success.myshn.net/Skyhigh_Secure_Web_Gateway_\(On_Prem\)/Troubleshooting/Create_a_Feedback_File](https://success.myshn.net/Skyhigh_Secure_Web_Gateway_(On_Prem)/Troubleshooting/Create_a_Feedback_File)

CLI:

- `cd /opt/mwg/bin`
`./feedback.sh`
- Choose level 2
- After the script has finished, you will find the feedback file in `/opt/mwg/log/debug/feedbacks`.

The screenshot shows the Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway interface. At the top, the status bar displays: "Server: mwgappl15401430 | Server Time: 2023-05-24 12:37 UTC | UI Version 11.2.9 (44482) | User: admin | Role: Super Administrator". The navigation menu includes Dashboard, Policy, Configuration, Accounts, and Troubleshooting (highlighted). The left sidebar shows a tree view with "Feedback" selected. The main content area is titled "Feedback" and contains the following options:

- Pause running Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway to create a backtrace (recommended)
- Collect SaaS Policy
-

Below these options, the "Feedback file:" section shows a dropdown menu with "mwgappl15401430" selected. A table below lists the generated feedback files:

Feedback file:	
mwgappl15401430	
Name	
feedback_24.05.2023-12_16_24_+0000_mwgappl15401430.zip	6.5 MiB

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting - Rule Traces

- Troubleshooting > Rule Tracing Central
Tracing information is displayed for the following:

- Cycles
- Rules
- Rule sets
- Rule Criteria
- Properties
- Events

The screenshot shows the 'Rule tracing central' window. The left sidebar contains a tree view with categories like 'Files', 'Log files', 'Rule tracing files', 'Feedback', 'Core files', 'Connection tracing', 'Packet tracing', 'Network tools', 'System tools', 'Synchronization', 'Backup/Restore', and 'Reset appliance'. The main area is titled 'Rule tracing central' and shows a search for 'mvgapp15609248' or '10.207.102.188'. A table of traces is displayed with columns for 'Time' and 'URL'. The selected trace is for 'https://www.youtube.com' at '07:21:11'. The right pane shows the 'Cycle' details for this trace, including a tree view of 'Special URL Filtering Group' and 'Default' rules. A table below shows 'Top Properties' and 'Details' for the request.

Property	Value
URL	https://www.youtube.com
Client:IP	10.207.102.188
User-Agent	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:109.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/113.0
URL:Host	www.youtube.com
Authentication.Username	
Authentication.Usergroups	
URL Categories	Streaming Media, Media Sharing
Response.StatusCode	0
Block.Reason	Blocked by URL filtering
Command.Name	CONNECT

This screenshot shows the 'Criteria' and 'Action' sections for the selected trace. The 'Criteria' section shows a rule that is evaluated as 'Blocked by URL filtering'. The 'Action' section shows the result of the rule, which is 'Blocked by URL filtering'.

Criteria: URL Categories=<Default> at least one in list Category:Blocklist for Default Group

Criteria	Evaluated	Result
URL Categories=<Default>		Streaming Media, Media Sharing
Category:Blocklist for Default Group		<not included in trace> Open current local list

Action: Block<URL Blocked>

Event: Statistics.Counter.increment=<Default>("BlockedByURLFilter", 1)

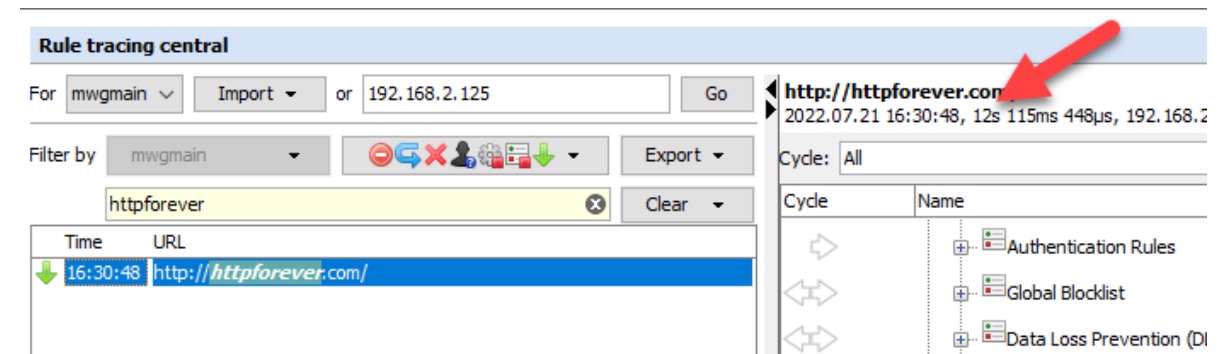
Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting - GTI delays

GTI is the Global Threat Intelligence service and a requirement for the web gateway to function correctly.

Failure to allow access to the GTI servers correctly will cause noticeable and direct delays (up to 12 seconds)

<https://kcm.trellix.com/corporate/index?page=content&id=KB90854>

<https://kcm.trellix.com/corporate/index?page=content&id=KB79640>



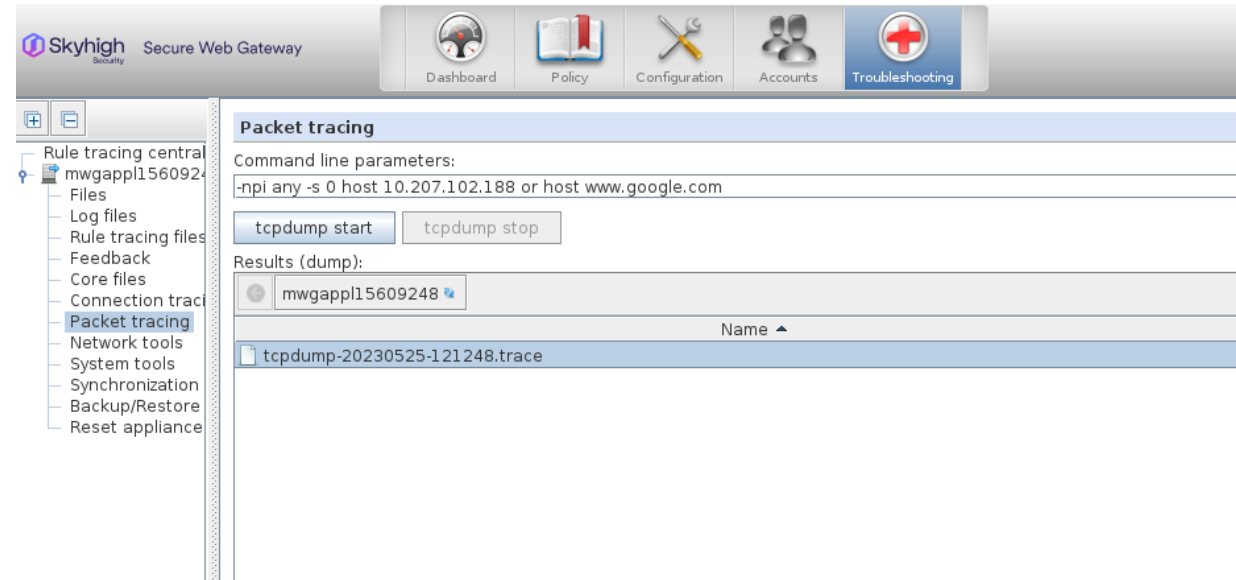
The screenshot displays the 'Rule tracing central' interface. At the top, there are search filters: 'For mwgmain Import or 192.168.2.125 Go'. Below this, a 'Filter by' section shows 'mwgmain' and a search box containing 'httpforever'. A table below the search box shows a single entry: 'Time URL' with a value of '16:30:48 http://httpforever.com/'. To the right of the table, there is a 'Cycle' dropdown set to 'All' and a list of rule categories: 'Authentication Rules', 'Global Blocklist', and 'Data Loss Prevention (DI)'. A red arrow points to the URL 'http://httpforever.com' in the table.

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – TCP Dump & Network tools

Network tools, general troubleshooting
initial checks for connectivity.

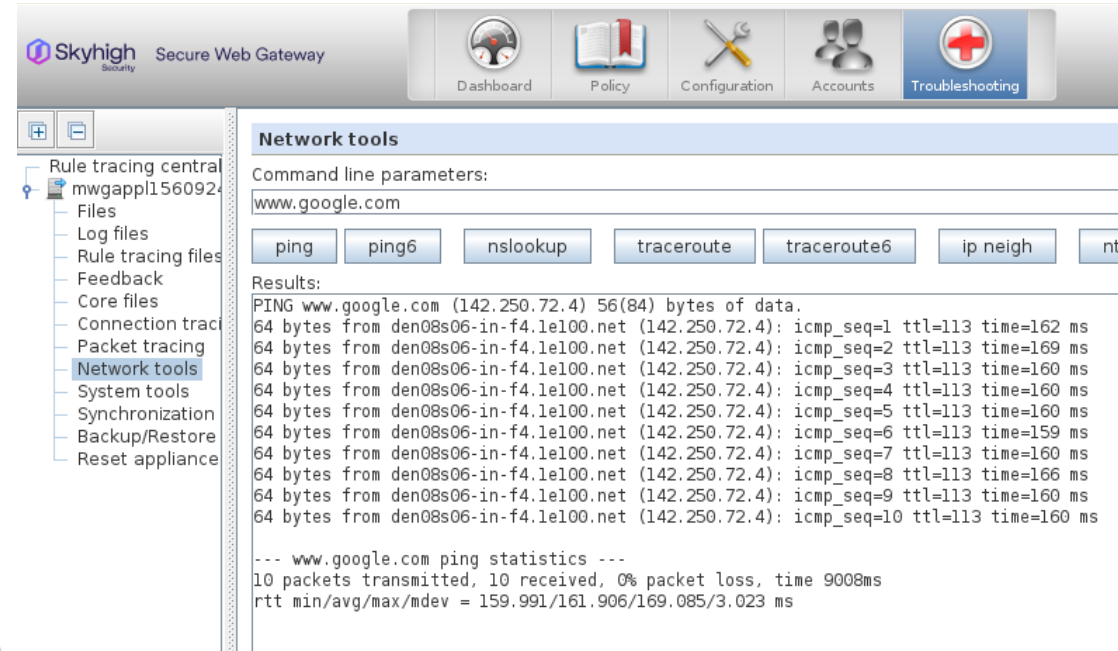
Packet Tracing also verbally known as
TCPDump capturing packets on the
network for in-depth investigation.

[https://success.myshn.net/Skyhigh_Secure_Web_Gateway_\(On_Prem\)/Best_Practices/Write_a_Playbook/Performing_Packet_Tracing_in_Secure_Web_Gateway_\(SWG\)](https://success.myshn.net/Skyhigh_Secure_Web_Gateway_(On_Prem)/Best_Practices/Write_a_Playbook/Performing_Packet_Tracing_in_Secure_Web_Gateway_(SWG))



The screenshot shows the Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway interface. The top navigation bar includes icons for Dashboard, Policy, Configuration, Accounts, and Troubleshooting. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'Packet tracing' selected. The main content area is titled 'Packet tracing' and contains the following elements:

- Command line parameters: `-npi any -s 0 host 10.207.102.188 or host www.google.com`
- Buttons: 'tcpdump start' and 'tcpdump stop'
- Results (dump): A table with one entry: 'tcpdump-20230525-121248.trace'.



The screenshot shows the Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway interface. The top navigation bar includes icons for Dashboard, Policy, Configuration, Accounts, and Troubleshooting. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'Network tools' selected. The main content area is titled 'Network tools' and contains the following elements:

- Command line parameters: `www.google.com`
- Buttons: 'ping', 'ping6', 'nslookup', 'tracert', 'tracert6', 'ip neigh', and 'ntp'.
- Results: A detailed output for a ping command to www.google.com, showing 10 successful pings with 0% packet loss and a time of 9008ms.

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting - Tcpdump & Network Tools - cont

Troubleshooting > Packet Tracing | Network Tools

Common parameters for packet tracing:

- -s (snap length - amount of data for each frame; 0 no limit)
- -i (Listen on defined interface / any = all interfaces)
- host (can be hostname or IP - www.skyhighsecurity.com or host 10.11.12.13)
- port (the port you want to capture)

Example for filter on NTLM authentication issues:

-s 0 -i any host <clientIP> or port 445 or port 53

Rolling tcpdump from SWG CLI:

**nohup tcpdump -Z root -s 0 -i any host x.x.x.x or host x.x.x.x -C 100 -W 20 -w
capturefilename.pcap &**

- -C is how large the capture can be before a new one is started in MB
- -W is how many files before the oldest is deleted
- & run in background

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting - Tcpdump & Network Tools - cont

Running rolling tcpdump in background:

After putting in the command and you hit enter you will see:

'nohup: appending output to 'nohup.out'

Now hit enter again to get the command line back.

Once you want to stop the capture, run:

'ps aux | grep tcpdump'

and get the process ID for the rolling capture, then run

'kill -9 processID'

to stop the rolling capture.

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting - Tcpdump & Network Tools - cont

Helpful Filters in Wireshark

Request methods (GET – POST – HEAD)

`http.request.method == GET`

URL-Search

`http.request.uri contains "bbc.co.uk"`

DNS Requests with no Response:

`!dns.response_in && dns.flags.response == 0`

Filter for protocols

`ip.proto eq 253 (cluster comm.)`

`vrrp; dns`

The screenshot displays the Wireshark interface with several key components highlighted:

- 1. Filter Toolbar:** Located at the top, it includes a search box, a dropdown menu, and buttons for 'Expression...', 'Clear', 'Apply', and 'Save'.
- 2. Packet List Pane:** A table listing captured packets with columns for No., Time, Source, Destination, Protocol, and Info. Packet 1834 is highlighted in green.
- 3. Packet Details Pane:** Shows the hierarchical structure of the selected packet (1834), including Ethernet II, Internet Protocol Version 4, User Datagram Protocol, and Domain Name System (query).
- 4. Packet Byte Pane:** Displays the raw bytes of the packet in hexadecimal and ASCII format.

Red arrows and text labels point to these specific areas. A red box at the top of the interface contains the text "Red Box Shows Wireshark is Running".

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting - Tcpdump & Network Tools

The screenshot displays the Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway interface, specifically the Troubleshooting section. The left sidebar shows a navigation menu with 'Network tools' selected. The main content area shows the 'Network tools' section with a search bar containing 'www.google.com'. Below the search bar are buttons for various tools: ping, ping6, nslookup, traceroute, traceroute6, ip neigh, ntp, hastats, and rtsstats. The 'ping' button is highlighted, and the results of the ping test are displayed below.

Command line parameters:
www.google.com

Results:
PING www.google.com (142.250.72.4) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from den08s06-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.72.4): icmp_seq=1 ttl=113 time=162 ms
64 bytes from den08s06-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.72.4): icmp_seq=2 ttl=113 time=169 ms
64 bytes from den08s06-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.72.4): icmp_seq=3 ttl=113 time=160 ms
64 bytes from den08s06-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.72.4): icmp_seq=4 ttl=113 time=160 ms
64 bytes from den08s06-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.72.4): icmp_seq=5 ttl=113 time=160 ms
64 bytes from den08s06-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.72.4): icmp_seq=6 ttl=113 time=159 ms
64 bytes from den08s06-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.72.4): icmp_seq=7 ttl=113 time=160 ms
64 bytes from den08s06-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.72.4): icmp_seq=8 ttl=113 time=166 ms
64 bytes from den08s06-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.72.4): icmp_seq=9 ttl=113 time=160 ms
64 bytes from den08s06-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.72.4): icmp_seq=10 ttl=113 time=160 ms

--- www.google.com ping statistics ---
10 packets transmitted, 10 received, 0% packet loss, time 9008ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 159.991/161.906/169.065/3.023 ms

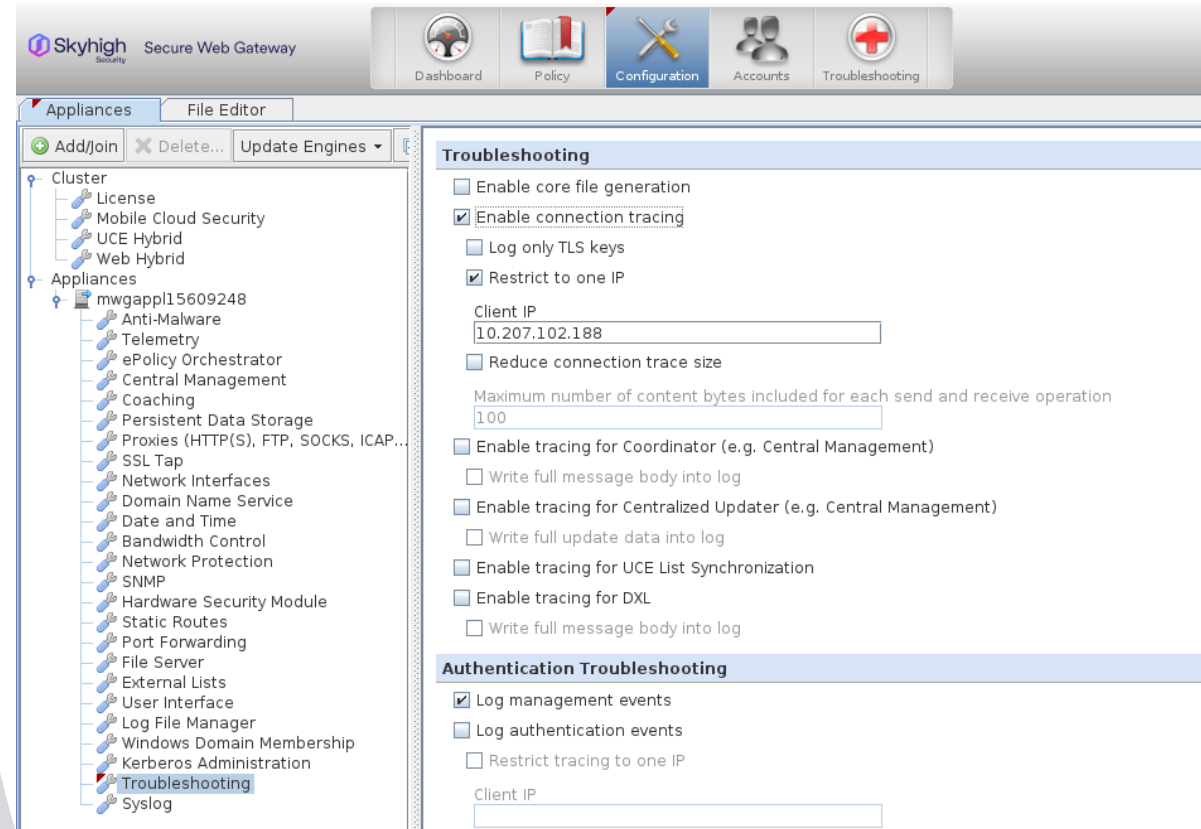
Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Connection Traces

In HTTP communication is sent in clear text but in HTTPS all communication is encrypted.

Connection Traces in the most basic term turns encrypted into plain text.

Support will often ask for connection traces when facing issues with HTTPs sites

NOTE: SSL Scanning has to be enabled in order to decrypt the complete traffic



The screenshot displays the Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway Configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes icons for Dashboard, Policy, Configuration, Accounts, and Troubleshooting. The main content area is divided into two panes. The left pane shows a tree view of the configuration hierarchy, with 'Appliances' expanded to show a list of services including Anti-Malware, Telemetry, ePolicy Orchestrator, Central Management, Coaching, Persistent Data Storage, Proxies (HTTP(S), FTP, SOCKS, ICAP...), SSL Tap, Network Interfaces, Domain Name Service, Date and Time, Bandwidth Control, Network Protection, SNMP, Hardware Security Module, Static Routes, Port Forwarding, File Server, External Lists, User Interface, Log File Manager, Windows Domain Membership, Kerberos Administration, Troubleshooting (highlighted), and Syslog. The right pane is titled 'Troubleshooting' and contains several sections of settings:

- Enable connection tracing:** This section is checked. It includes options for 'Log only TLS keys' (unchecked) and 'Restrict to one IP' (checked). A text input field for 'Client IP' contains the value '10.207.102.188'.
- Reduce connection trace size:** This section is unchecked. It includes a text input field for 'Maximum number of content bytes included for each send and receive operation' with the value '100'.
- Enable tracing for Coordinator (e.g. Central Management):** This section is unchecked. It includes an option for 'Write full message body into log' (unchecked).
- Enable tracing for Centralized Updater (e.g. Central Management):** This section is unchecked. It includes an option for 'Write full update data into log' (unchecked).
- Enable tracing for UCE List Synchronization:** This section is unchecked.
- Enable tracing for DXL:** This section is unchecked. It includes an option for 'Write full message body into log' (unchecked).

Below these settings is the 'Authentication Troubleshooting' section, which includes:

- Log management events:** This option is checked.
- Log authentication events:** This option is unchecked.
- Restrict tracing to one IP:** This option is unchecked.
- A text input field for 'Client IP' is present but empty.

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Connection Traces - Cont

Configuration -> Troubleshooting > Connection Tracing

The screenshot displays the Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway management console. On the left, a navigation tree shows the 'Troubleshooting' section expanded to 'Connection tracing'. The main area shows the 'Connection tracing' configuration for the 'mwgapp15609248' appliance, with a list of trace files including 'HTTP-087550-C.txt' through 'HTTP-087560-S.txt'. Two trace logs are open in the background:

HTTP-100495-C.txt

```
1 18:13:39.949: Accepted connection on 172.27.96.188:9090 from 10.140.132.50:62200 (fd = 86, dat
2 18:13:39.949: Received 215 bytes
3 >>>
4 CONNECT mcafee.com:443 HTTP/1.0
5 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko
6 Host: mcafee.com:443
7 Content-Length: 0
8 DNT: 1
9 Proxy-Connection: Keep-Alive
10 Pragma: no-cache
11
12 <<<
13 18:13:39.950: Send 39 bytes; offset = 0
14 >>>
15 HTTP/1.0 200 Connection established
16
17 <<<
18 18:13:40.084: Peeked 199 bytes
19 >>>
20 <SYNOPSIS>:
21 <SYNOPSIS>:
22 <SYNOPSIS>:
23 <SYNOPSIS>:
24 <SYNOPSIS>:
25 <SYNOPSIS>:
26 <SYNOPSIS>:
27 <SYNOPSIS>:
28 18:13:40.599: SSL Accept: Would Block: (EPOLLIN, EPOLLONESHOT)
29 18:13:40.608: SSL Accept finished ok. Session re-use = 0, cipher = ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
30 18:13:40.608: New logical connection SockOpts unchanged. TCP window not empty: 242 bytes (or 1
31 18:13:40.608: Receive: Would Block (EPOLLIN, EPOLLONESHOT)
32 18:13:40.609: Received 274 bytes
33 {{{
34 GET / HTTP/1.1
35 Accept: text/html, application/xhtml+xml, image/jxr, */*
36 Accept-Language: de-DE,de;q=0.5
37 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko
38 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
39 Host: mcafee.com
40 DNT: 1
41 Connection: Keep-Alive
42
43 }}}
44 18:13:40.750: Connection is still ok
45 18:13:40.823: Send 279 bytes; offset = 0
46 {{{
47 HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently
48 Via: 1.1 172.27.96.188 (McAfee Web Gateway 7.7.2.8.0.25114)
49 Date: Mon, 12 Feb 2018 18:13:40 GMT
```

HTTP-100495-S.txt

```
1 18:13:39.950: Connect: Would block (EPOLLOUT, EPOLLONESHOT, EPOLLERR) 161.69.29.243:4
2 18:13:40.084: PostConnect: ok (local addr 172.27.96.188:27740)
3 18:13:40.099: SSL Connect: Would Block: (EPOLLIN, EPOLLONESHOT)
4 18:13:40.235: SSL Connect: Would Block: (EPOLLIN, EPOLLONESHOT)
5 18:13:40.235: SSL Connect: Would Block: (EPOLLIN, EPOLLONESHOT)
6 18:13:40.384: SSL Connect: Would Block: (EPOLLIN, EPOLLONESHOT)
7 18:13:40.523: SSL Connect finished ok. Session re-use = 0, digest = 93c5b25a51e4d450c
8 18:13:40.609: Connection is still ok
9 18:13:40.609: Connection is still ok
10 18:13:40.610: Send 367 bytes; offset = 0
11 {{{
12 GET / HTTP/1.1
13 DNT: 1
14 Host: mcafee.com
15 Accept: text/html, application/xhtml+xml, image/jxr, */*
16 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko
17 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
18 Accept-Language: de-DE,de;q=0.5
19 X-Forwarded-For: 10.140.132.50
20 Via: 1.1 172.27.96.188 (McAfee Web Gateway 7.7.2.8.0.25114)
21 Connection: Keep-Alive
22
23 }}}
24 18:13:40.610: Receive: Would Block (EPOLLIN, EPOLLONESHOT)
25 18:13:40.750: Received 340 bytes
26 {{{
27 HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently
28 Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
29 Location: https://www.mcafee.com/
30 Server: Microsoft-IIS/7.5
31 Date: Mon, 12 Feb 2018 18:13:40 GMT
32 Content-Length: 146
33
34 <head><title>Document Moved</title></head>
35 <body><h1>Object Moved</h1>This document may be found <a href="https://www.mcafee.com/
36 18:13:42.115: SSL Shutdown (fd = 88, 0)
37 18:13:42.115: Releasing FD with pending data (fd = 88, 1)
38
```

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Connection Traces Decrypt SSL with Keys from Connection Trace

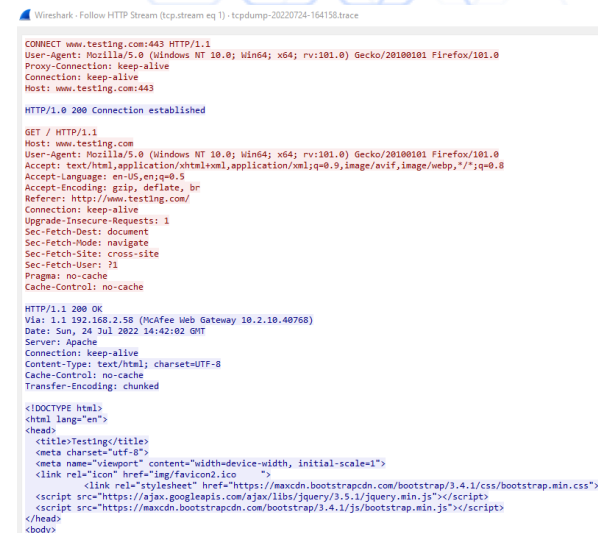
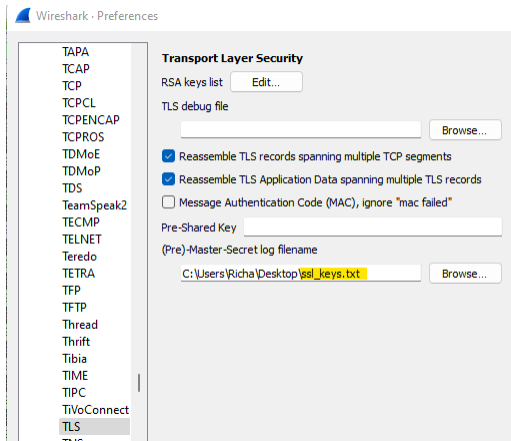
Take aways:

- If you see what looks like junk do not worry this is typically HTTP2 this would be accepted at support as we can decode this:

16:15:23.624: Send 27 bytes

```
unsigned char send_1[] = { 0x00, 0x00, 0x12, 0x04, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x03, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x64, 0x00, 0x06, 0x00, 0x00, 0x80, 0x00 }; // {
SETTINGS: stream = 0, len = 18, flags = 0 }.
```

- Connection traces will trace the client in the '-C' file and from the proxy to the destination in the '-S' file.
- From support we would need the TCP dump started first then the connection traces started with the ssl_keys file so we can decode the TCP dump streams.
- Will often be request by support for issues with websites/web applications.
- To decode TCP dump using the ssl keys:



Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Connection Traces

Reading of Connection Traces

Each entry in the traces begins with a timestamp of when the entry was written. Here is a table of possible log entries

Connect: Would block (EPOLLOUT, EPOLLONESHOT, EPOLLERR) :80 IP = "10.150.97.74"	SWG initiated a connect call to 10.15.97.74 on port 80. Depending on the context there could also be a FQDN before the port (a SYN package was sent)
Connected transparently to :80 IP = "10.150.97.74"	SWG is running in bridge or router mode, has IP spoofing enabled and cloned a connection
Connection – using existing connection – to :80 IP = "10.150.97.74"	SWG uses an already connected socket for this connection
PostConnect: <status>	The TCP handshake has finished and the status of the connection is <status>
Connection is still ok	SWG verified if the connection is ok (will be used for example to detect dead clients) and it is ok
Connection is already dead / Connection isn't ok	SWG verified if the connection is ok and it isn't ok
Send <n> bytes <brackets> <data> <brackets>	SWG has sent data. The brackets are a "<<<<>>>>" or a "[]" pair. The first pair indicates plain text data where as the second pair will be used for SSL encrypted traffic.
Received <n> bytes <brackets> <data> <brackets>	The same as above (only receive)
Sent: Would Block (EPOLLIN, EPOLLONESHOT)	SWG wanted to send data, but the kernel was not yet willing to accept it. This is not an error.
Receive: Would Block (EPOLLIN, EPOLLONESHOT)	SWG wanted to read data from a socket, but there was no data. This is not an error.
Accepted connection on <MWG IP>:<ProxyPort> from <ClientIP>:<ClientPort>	SWG has accepted a connection. The local (proxy) port will be given as well as the client IP address and port.
Connection has received FIN SSL Shutdown	The peer has closed the connection. SWG terminates the SSL (not the TCP!) connection.
Releasing FD but keep it open	SWG removes the socket from this connection but keeps it open for later reuse.
Releasing and closing FD	SWG removes the socket from this connections and closes it.

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Core Dump

High CPU

High Memory / Memory Leak
Crashes / Services / Server

Created core files can be found in:
Troubleshooting > Core files

The screenshot displays the Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes icons for Dashboard, Policy, Configuration, Accounts, and Troubleshooting. The main content area is divided into a left-hand navigation tree and a right-hand configuration panel.

Left-hand Navigation Tree:

- Cluster
 - License
 - Mobile Cloud Security
 - UCE Hybrid
 - Web Hybrid
- Appliances
 - mwgappl15609248
 - Anti-Malware
 - Telemetry
 - ePolicy Orchestrator
 - Central Management
 - Coaching
 - Persistent Data Storage
 - Proxies (HTTP(S), FTP, SOCKS, ICAP...)
 - SSL Tap
 - Network Interfaces
 - Domain Name Service
 - Date and Time
 - Bandwidth Control
 - Network Protection
 - SNMP
 - Hardware Security Module
 - Static Routes
 - Port Forwarding
 - File Server
 - External Lists
 - User Interface
 - Log File Manager
 - Windows Domain Membership
 - Kerberos Administration
 - Troubleshooting**
 - Syslog

Right-hand Configuration Panel:

Troubleshooting

- Enable core file generation
- Enable connection tracing
 - Log only TLS keys
 - Restrict to one IP
 - Client IP: 10.207.102.188
 - Reduce connection trace size
 - Maximum number of content bytes included for each send and receive operation: 100
- Enable tracing for Coordinator (e.g. Central Management)
 - Write full message body into log
- Enable tracing for Centralized Updater (e.g. Central Management)
 - Write full update data into log
- Enable tracing for UCE List Synchronization
- Enable tracing for DXL
 - Write full message body into log

Authentication Troubleshooting

- Log management events
- Log authentication events
 - Restrict tracing to one IP
 - Client IP: 10.207.102.188

Quota Troubleshooting

- Log quota events

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Core Dump - Cont

If you need to manually trigger a core dump this can be done in various ways. You need to do this during the high CPU or memory issue!

The main dump forced:

Navigate to the cores folder:

```
# cd /opt/mwg/log/debug/cores
```

Perform the procedure below:

```
# gcore `pgrep -n mwg-core`
```

Check the status of the mwg status':

```
# service mwg status
```

Verify the core file was created:

```
# ll
```

Rename the core file to match: [PROCESS-NAME]-[PID].core

```
# The format should be something like:
```

```
# mv <nameofcreatedcorefile> mwg-core-3902.core
```

Compress the core file (we use 'gzip -9' in case it is larger than 4GB), substitute '[FILENAME]' with the filename of the desired core file:

```
# cd /opt/mwg/log/debug/cores
```

```
# gzip -9 [FILENAME]
```

```
# mv [FILENAME].gz
```

```
#your_service_request_number#_[FILENAME].gz
```

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Authentication

- Authentication Debug logging
- Secure Net logon

The screenshot displays the Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway configuration interface. The left-hand navigation pane shows a tree view of system components, with 'Troubleshooting' highlighted under the 'Appliances' section. The main content area is titled 'Troubleshooting' and contains several sections of settings:

- Troubleshooting**
 - Enable core file generation
 - Enable connection tracing
 - Log only TLS keys
 - Restrict to one IP
 - Client IP:
 - Reduce connection trace size
 - Maximum number of content bytes included for each send and receive operation:
 - Enable tracing for Coordinator (e.g. Central Management)
 - Write full message body into log
 - Enable tracing for Centralized Updater (e.g. Central Management)
 - Write full update data into log
 - Enable tracing for UCE List Synchronization
 - Enable tracing for DXL
 - Write full message body into log
- Authentication Troubleshooting** (highlighted with a red box)
 - Log management events
 - Log authentication events
 - Restrict tracing to one IP
 - Client IP:
- Quota Troubleshooting**
 - Log quota events

Status\Sub-Status Code	Description
0XC000005E	There are currently no logon servers available to service the logon request.
0xC0000064	User logon with misspelled or bad user account
0xC000006A	User logon with misspelled or bad password
0XC000006D	The cause is either a bad username or authentication information
0XC000006E	Indicates a referenced user name and authentication information are valid, but some user account restriction has prevented successful authentication (such as time-of-day restrictions).
0xC000006F	User logon outside authorized hours
0xC0000070	User logon from unauthorized workstation
0xC0000071	User logon with expired password
0xC0000072	User logon to account disabled by administrator
0XC00000DC	Indicates the Sam Server was in the wrong state to perform the desired operation.
0XC0000133	Clocks between DC and other computer too far out of sync
0XC000015B	The user has not been granted the requested logon type (also called the <i>logon right</i>) at this machine
0XC000018C	The logon request failed because the trust relationship between the primary domain and the trusted domain failed.
0XC0000192	An attempt was made to logon, but the Netlogon service was not started.
0xC0000193	User logon with expired account
0XC0000224	User is required to change password at next logon
0XC0000225	Evidently a bug in Windows and not a risk
0xC0000234	User logon with account locked
0XC00002EE	Failure Reason: An Error occurred during Logon
0XC0000413	Logon Failure: The machine you are logging on to is protected by an authentication firewall. The specified account is not allowed to authenticate to the machine.
0x0	Status OK.

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Authentication Debug - cont

Secure Net logon

In conjunction with the auth debug logs we now also sometimes need the Netlogon Logs.

Webgateway communicates via port 445 but with secure all we now see is blob data so no request or response is in clear text.

Netlogon Logs will record the request and response but this is done on Windows Server itself:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/troubleshoot/windows-client/windows-security/enable-debug-logging-netlogon-service>

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Authentication Debug - cont

Secure Net logon

Enable with admin cmd prompt:

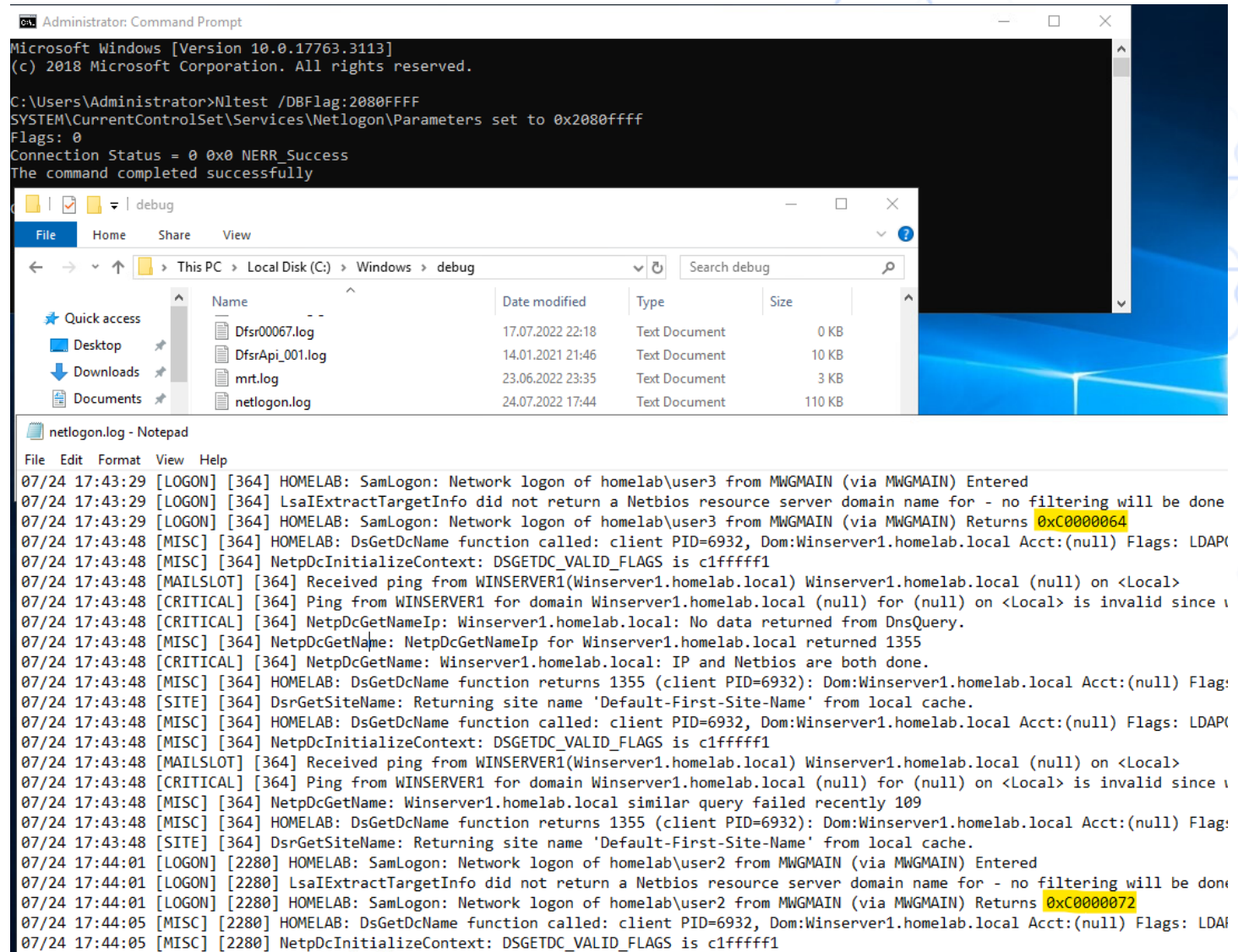
```
Nltest /DBFlag:2080FFFF
```

Disable with admin cmd prompt:

```
Nltest /DBFlag:0x0
```

Log can be found:

C Drive > Windows > Debug



The screenshot shows a Windows Administrator Command Prompt window with the following text:

```
Administrator: Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.3113]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Administrator>Nltest /DBFlag:2080FFFF
SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\Netlogon\Parameters set to 0x2080ffff
Flags: 0
Connection Status = 0 0x0 NERR_Success
The command completed successfully
```

Below the command prompt is a File Explorer window showing the contents of the 'debug' folder in 'C:\Windows\debug'. The files listed are:

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
Dfsr00067.log	17.07.2022 22:18	Text Document	0 KB
DfsrApi_001.log	14.01.2021 21:46	Text Document	10 KB
mrt.log	23.06.2022 23:35	Text Document	3 KB
netlogon.log	24.07.2022 17:44	Text Document	110 KB

Below the File Explorer is a Notepad window displaying the contents of 'netlogon.log'. The log entries are as follows:

```
netlogon.log - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
07/24 17:43:29 [LOGON] [364] HOMELAB: SamLogon: Network logon of homelab\user3 from MWGMAIN (via MWGMAIN) Entered
07/24 17:43:29 [LOGON] [364] LsaIExtractTargetInfo did not return a Netbios resource server domain name for - no filtering will be done
07/24 17:43:29 [LOGON] [364] HOMELAB: SamLogon: Network logon of homelab\user3 from MWGMAIN (via MWGMAIN) Returns 0xC0000064
07/24 17:43:48 [MISC] [364] HOMELAB: DsGetDcName function called: client PID=6932, Dom:Winserver1.homelab.local Acct:(null) Flags: LDAP
07/24 17:43:48 [MISC] [364] NetpDcInitializeContext: DSGETDC_VALID_FLAGS is c1fffff1
07/24 17:43:48 [MAILSLOT] [364] Received ping from WINSERVER1(Winserver1.homelab.local) Winserver1.homelab.local (null) on <Local>
07/24 17:43:48 [CRITICAL] [364] Ping from WINSERVER1 for domain Winserver1.homelab.local (null) for (null) on <Local> is invalid since
07/24 17:43:48 [CRITICAL] [364] NetpDcGetNameIp: Winserver1.homelab.local: No data returned from DnsQuery.
07/24 17:43:48 [MISC] [364] NetpDcGetName: NetpDcGetNameIp for Winserver1.homelab.local returned 1355
07/24 17:43:48 [CRITICAL] [364] NetpDcGetName: Winserver1.homelab.local: IP and Netbios are both done.
07/24 17:43:48 [MISC] [364] HOMELAB: DsGetDcName function returns 1355 (client PID=6932): Dom:Winserver1.homelab.local Acct:(null) Flag:
07/24 17:43:48 [SITE] [364] DsrGetSiteName: Returning site name 'Default-First-Site-Name' from local cache.
07/24 17:43:48 [MISC] [364] HOMELAB: DsGetDcName function called: client PID=6932, Dom:Winserver1.homelab.local Acct:(null) Flags: LDAP
07/24 17:43:48 [MISC] [364] NetpDcInitializeContext: DSGETDC_VALID_FLAGS is c1fffff1
07/24 17:43:48 [MAILSLOT] [364] Received ping from WINSERVER1(Winserver1.homelab.local) Winserver1.homelab.local (null) on <Local>
07/24 17:43:48 [CRITICAL] [364] Ping from WINSERVER1 for domain Winserver1.homelab.local (null) for (null) on <Local> is invalid since
07/24 17:43:48 [MISC] [364] NetpDcGetName: Winserver1.homelab.local similar query failed recently 109
07/24 17:43:48 [MISC] [364] HOMELAB: DsGetDcName function returns 1355 (client PID=6932): Dom:Winserver1.homelab.local Acct:(null) Flag:
07/24 17:43:48 [SITE] [364] DsrGetSiteName: Returning site name 'Default-First-Site-Name' from local cache.
07/24 17:44:01 [LOGON] [2280] HOMELAB: SamLogon: Network logon of homelab\user2 from MWGMAIN (via MWGMAIN) Entered
07/24 17:44:01 [LOGON] [2280] LsaIExtractTargetInfo did not return a Netbios resource server domain name for - no filtering will be done
07/24 17:44:01 [LOGON] [2280] HOMELAB: SamLogon: Network logon of homelab\user2 from MWGMAIN (via MWGMAIN) Returns 0xC0000072
07/24 17:44:05 [MISC] [2280] HOMELAB: DsGetDcName function called: client PID=6932, Dom:Winserver1.homelab.local Acct:(null) Flags: LDA
07/24 17:44:05 [MISC] [2280] NetpDcInitializeContext: DSGETDC_VALID_FLAGS is c1fffff1
```


Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Common Issues

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Common Issues

Disk Space

Disk filled up by:

- Log files, debug files (connection/rule traces), core files, temp files, syslog

Results in:

- Login error for GUI
- Not able to save changes (I/O error)
- SWG services not running properly or not started
- User not able to browser

Dashboard alarms:

- Filesystem usage on /opt exceeds selected limit
- Filesystem usage on /var exceeds selected limit (/var/log/messages)



The screenshot shows the Alerts dashboard with the following filters: Appliance Filter (All), Date Filter (All), and Message Filter (Error, Warning, Information). The message filter is currently set to Error. The table below shows two alerts:

Appliance Filter	Date Filter	Message Filter	Alert Message
All	All	Error, Warning	
MWG-02	12-Mar-2013 16:33:24 EDT	Warning	Filesystem usage on /opt exceeds selected limit (91% / 90%). (Origin: health monitor, 99 times within last 148 minutes)
MWG-01	12-Mar-2013 16:09:41 EDT	Warning	Filesystem usage on /opt exceeds selected limit (90% / 90%). (Origin: health monitor, 15 times within last 30 minutes)

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Common Issues

Disk Space – cont

- The first thing we have to do with a full disk is to determine where the files are that are filling up the disk. For example is it /var/log or /opt/mwg/log/debug/connection_tracing
- To locate large files (10MB+ here), run:

```
find /opt -type f -size +10000k -exec ls -alsh {} \;
```
- Once you have determined the location you can see for example /var/log/messages is very large, chances are access logs being logged here. If so rsyslog config is incorrect (very common). Check rsyslog.conf for:

```
*.info;mail.none;authpriv.none;cron.none /var/log/messages
```

Replace it with this line:

```
*.info;daemon.!=info;mail.none;authpriv.none;cron.none -/var/log/messages
```
- If connection_tracing directory was connection traces left enabled (very common)
- How to troubleshoot Web Gateway appliance disk space issues:
<https://kcm.trellix.com/corporate/index?page=content&id=KB73869>

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Common Issues – 502 response

- HTTP response code 502 - Bad Gateway
The server was acting as a gateway or proxy and received an invalid response from the upstream server.
- The three different errors/block pages the client can receive are:
 - Host not resolvable
 - Bad Response - Web Gateway receives a response from the destination but the response is not a valid HTTP response
 - Cannot Connect
- All three of these blocks will log a HTTP 502 Status in the Web Gateway access logs:

```
[08/Mar/2023:18:25:57 -0600] "" 10.10.67.4 502 "GET  
http://example.local/ HTTP/1.1" "" "-" "" 3126 "Mozilla/4.0(compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.2; Trident/4.0; .NET  
CLR1.1.4322; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; .NET CLR 3.0.4506.2152; .NET CLR3.5.30729; .NET4.0C; .NET4.0E)" "" "0"
```

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Common Issues – 502 response

Host not resolvable

- This message will be displayed if Web Gateway is unable to contact the DNS server or if the DNS server returns a “No Such Name” response as seen in the example below. The filter used to display this was “(ip.addr==10.10.67.4 && (http.response.code==502||http.request)) ||dns”.

No.	Time	Source	Source Port	Dest Port	Destination	Info
72	2013-03-12 15:22:54.108	10.10.67.4	4946	9090	10.10.67.161	GET http://example.local/ HTTP/1.1
74	2013-03-12 15:22:54.134	10.10.67.161	58088	53	10.10.65.1	Standard query 0x8d42 A example.local
75	2013-03-12 15:22:54.134	10.10.65.1	53	58088	10.10.67.161	Standard query response 0x8d42 No such name
76	2013-03-12 15:22:54.134	10.10.67.161	58088	53	10.10.65.1	Standard query 0x8d43 AAAA example.local
77	2013-03-12 15:22:54.135	10.10.65.1	53	58088	10.10.67.161	Standard query response 0x8d43 No such name
80	2013-03-12 15:22:54.136	10.10.67.161	9090	4946	10.10.67.4	HTTP/1.1 502 notresolvable (text/html)
83	2013-03-12 15:22:54.165	10.10.67.4	4946	9090	10.10.67.161	GET http://example.local/mwg-internal/de5fs23hu73ds/files/javascript/sw.js HTTP/1.1
90	2013-03-12 15:22:54.171	10.10.67.4	4951	9090	10.10.67.161	GET http://example.local/mwg-internal/de5fs23hu73ds/files/default/stylesheet.css HTTP/1.1
92	2013-03-12 15:22:54.171	10.10.67.4	4952	9090	10.10.67.161	GET http://example.local/mwg-internal/de5fs23hu73ds/files/default/img/logo_eYcha

- In this case we can see the client (10.10.67.4) makes a request to the Web Gateway (10.10.67.161) on its default proxy port 9090. After Web Gateway receives the request it must perform a DNS query to resolve the hostname to an IP address and contacts the DNS server (10.10.65.1), requesting the IP address of example.local. Packets 74 and 76 show the request and packets 75 and 77 show the response.
- To fix this issue the DNS would need to be configured with an “A” record for example.local. A workaround could also be to add it to the Web Gateway’s hosts file. This would allow Web Gateway to resolve the hostname to an IP address without the need of a DNS Query. The hosts file can be edited under **Configuration > File Editor > hosts**.

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Common Issues – 502 response Cannot Connect

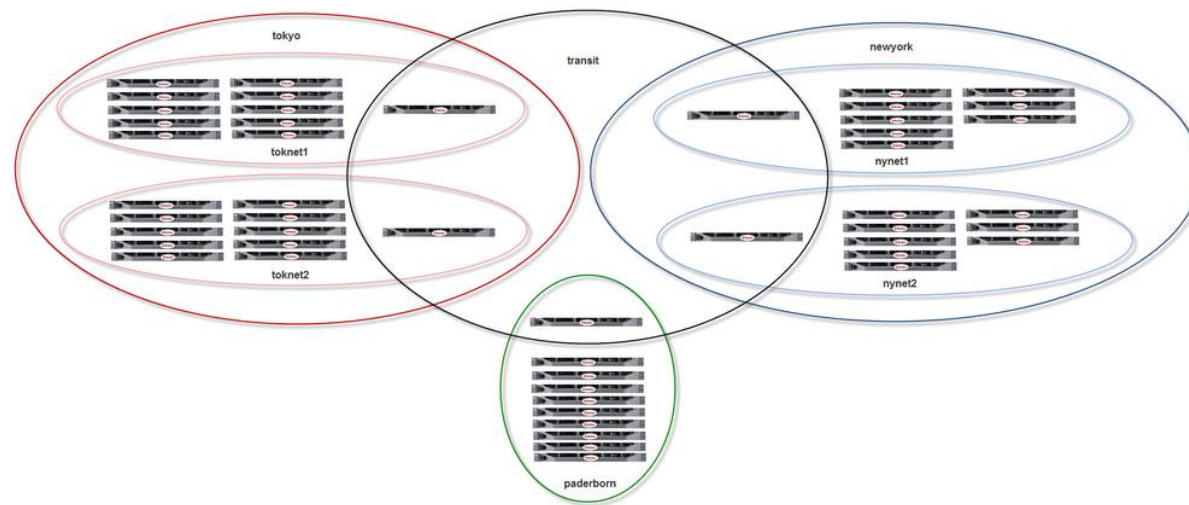
- Each connection the Web Gateway makes to a destination begins with a **TCP three-way handshake**. This handshake must occur before the Gateway can send the HTTP request and if it fails then it will result in the “Cannot Connect” message. The examples below first shows the initial client request to the Gateway and in the next packet we can see the Gateway sending the first part of the handshake (SYN) to the destination.

No.	Time	Source	Source Port	Dest Port	Destination	Info
823	2013-03-12 19:30:36.098	10.10.67.4	2709	9090	10.10.67.161	GET http://example.local/ HTTP/1.1
827	2013-03-12 19:30:36.111	10.10.67.161	34600	80	10.10.67.124	34600 > 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=27120226 TSecr=0
828	2013-03-12 19:30:36.111	10.10.67.124	80	34600	10.10.67.161	80 > 34600 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
829	2013-03-12 19:30:36.111	10.10.67.161	34601	80	10.10.67.124	34601 > 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=27120227 TSecr=0
830	2013-03-12 19:30:36.111	10.10.67.124	80	34601	10.10.67.161	80 > 34601 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
831	2013-03-12 19:30:36.111	10.10.67.161	34602	80	10.10.67.124	34602 > 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=27120227 TSecr=0
832	2013-03-12 19:30:36.111	10.10.67.124	80	34602	10.10.67.161	80 > 34602 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
833	2013-03-12 19:30:36.111	10.10.67.161	34603	80	10.10.67.124	34603 > 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=27120227 TSecr=0
834	2013-03-12 19:30:36.112	10.10.67.124	80	34603	10.10.67.161	80 > 34603 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
835	2013-03-12 19:30:36.112	10.10.67.161	34604	80	10.10.67.124	34604 > 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=27120227 TSecr=0
836	2013-03-12 19:30:36.112	10.10.67.124	80	34604	10.10.67.161	80 > 34604 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
837	2013-03-12 19:30:36.112	10.10.67.161	34605	80	10.10.67.124	34605 > 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=27120227 TSecr=0
838	2013-03-12 19:30:36.112	10.10.67.124	80	34605	10.10.67.161	80 > 34605 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
841	2013-03-12 19:30:36.192	10.10.67.161	9090	2709	10.10.67.4	HTTP/1.1 502 cannotconnect (text/html)

- After the initial client connection sent in packet 823, Web Gateway tries to establish a connection to the destination by sending a SYN packet. Normally we would expect to see a SYN/ACK packet sent back from the server but in this case packets 828, 830, 832, etc... all show that the Web Gateway is receiving a RST (Reset) packet after each SYN packet it sends. The RST packet is used to terminate a connection. Since Web Gateway is unable to establish a TCP connection to the destination a “Cannot Connect” message is sent back to the client. It might also happen that there is no answer to the SYN at all. In any case, you need to inspect the upstream devices.

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Common Issues Cluster

As a best practice, we recommend only putting up to 10 nodes behind a single transit node. If you have more than 10 nodes in a location, you should have more than one transit node and create smaller network groups that are tied to the transit node. Here's an example with a larger cluster with nodes in Tokyo, New York, and Paderborn. For the smaller locations with one transit node, the Runtime and network groups use the same name.



Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Common Issues Cluster

Management IP, Time Sync, Groups, Timeout values

Results in:

- Sync issue
- Login failure
- Fail to save change

This Node is Member of the Following Groups

Group runtime	EMEA
Group update	EMEA
Group network	
No.	String
1	all
2	EMEA

Advanced Management Settings

Multiplier for timeout when distributing over multiple nodes	1.1
Timeout when connecting	10
Timeout when doing handshake	15
Timeout when receiving/sending	15

Use and Serve persistent connections

The screenshot shows the Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes Dashboard, Policy, Configuration, Accounts, and Troubleshooting. The main content area is divided into 'Appliances' and 'File Editor' tabs. Under 'Appliances', there is a tree view showing a cluster with sub-items: License, Mobile Cloud Security, UCE Hybrid, Web Hybrid, and a list of appliances including mwgapp15609248, Anti-Malware, Telemetry, ePolicy Orchestrator, and Central Management. The 'Central Management Settings' panel is open, displaying 'IP addresses and ports of this node used for central manager' with a table containing one entry: IP 10.140.220.212:12346.

Secure Web Gateway Troubleshooting – Common Issues Cluster - cont

The screenshot displays the Skyhigh Secure Web Gateway management console. The top navigation bar includes icons for Dashboard, Policy, Configuration (selected), Accounts, and Troubleshooting. Below this, the 'Appliances' tab is active, showing a tree view on the left with 'Cluster' expanded to show 'License', 'Mobile Cloud Security', 'UCE Hybrid', and 'Web Hybrid'. The main content area shows the 'Cluster CA...' configuration page. It features a table for 'Engine Update Status' and a table for 'Appliances Information'.

Engine Update Status	
mwgappl15751436	idle
mwgappl15609248	idle

Appliances Information (Format: UUID, Name, Version, Storage Timestamp, Deployment, Model)					
7284F2DE-BE26-0CC9-E825-000000EE2DA0	mwgappl15609248	12.2.0.0-44913	2023-05-26_08-21-15-436_+0000	OnPremise	QEMU
7284F2DE-BE26-0CC9-E825-000000F0590C	mwgappl15751436	12.2.0.0-45081	2023-05-26_08-21-15-436_+0000	OnPremise	QEMU

The perfect Service Request

- Detailed description / date & time of issue; expectation vs. given behaviour
- Feedback file
- Tcpdump on Client + SWG (filtered if needed) Client IP and requested URL
- Connection Traces
- Rule Trace
- Details on infrastructure (complex setup)
- Steps already performed as troubleshooting



Thank You!

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Q and A

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